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# The Times-Dispatch

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THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1820  
THIS TIMES FOUNDED 1820

WHOLE NUMBER 16,960.

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## GREAT FIELD DAY IN GREENE COUNTY

Old Fashioned Barbecue  
and Political  
Speaking.

### SWANSON MAKES A RINGING ADDRESS

Senator Martin Makes a Few  
Remarks After Mr. George  
Perkins Had Spoken.  
Over One Thou-  
sand People  
Attend.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)  
STANARDSVILLE, VA., September 20.—An old-fashioned barbecue, old-fashioned political speeches, a crowd of the old-fashioned kind, made this an old-fashioned day for old-fashioned Democracy in the old-fashioned county of Greene. I should not have limited it to Greene. Albemarle and Orange each sent a goodly contingent. It was said three fat withers dressed whole. A dozen mountains from the neighborhood of Elkton, in Shenandoah county, to hear Democratic doctrine preached, and incidentally to partake of the barbecued sheep and swine which "Billy" Garth, of Charlottesville, had been preparing since the dawn.

Over one thousand people were present. Representative Swanson made a speech, which "took" as well as any I have heard in Virginia in a long time. It dealt with weighty and somewhat dry matters of government, but he relieved it with several good stories, and kept the crowd in good humor with humorous and witty allusions.

Senator Martin had expected to make a speech, but owing to his having to catch a train at Charlottesville he had time for but a few remarks.

George Perkins, known as one of the best lawyers of Charlottesville rather than as a politician, did not speak at much length, but he stirred up the boys in great style. The speeches were delivered from a rough platform in the grove near the swift run Baptist Church and nearly two miles southwest of Stanardsville.

The Barbecue.

A hundred feet from the stand was the long trench half filled with embers, over which were cooking two big porkers and three fat withers, dressed whole. A dozen negroes superintended by "Billy" Garth, of Charlottesville, were kept busy turning the meat. Each carcass was fastened to two stout poles and placed transversely over the trench, where they were roasted to a turn. Some of the negroes were kept busy all the time dipping long handled swabs in buckets of vinegar, sauce and smearing it over the cooking meat. The heat "broke the sauce in" as one old man explained.

The result was meat flavored to suit the taste of the most fastidious gourmet who ever put a fork under his nose. I thought I smelt it when I was within a mile of the place, where the roasting was in progress.

Senator Martin, Mr. Swanson, John B. Moon, George Perkins and two or three others drove from Charlottesville yesterday afternoon, a distance of twenty-five miles or more, and spent the night at Mrs. Blakey's Bide Hotel in Stanardsville. As soon as the dewy dawn of the 21st of September broke at three this morning after having retired at midnight and caught a train which put me in Barboursville at half past five this morning, I found my way through the mist and dew down up to Mundy's Hotel, where I roused a diminutive colored boy who showed me to the sitting room where I tried to sleep on a sofa for an hour. A real fire had been kindled, and a sick stomach and a headache were the result of that thirteen mile drive up through the hills to the very foot of the Blue Ridge.

Miles of woods, many of it virgin forest, smiling blue-grass farms, fields of yellow corn shocks, golden pumpkins, gleaming among them, and always in the background the dark peaks of the Blue Ridge, famed in song and story for its beauty and by reason of the momentous events of history with which it has been associated. It was eleven o'clock when I came to a curve in the road, through the forest, "Dar de place," said Uncle William Smith, my driver, a type of the genuine old Virginia gentleman, though black as the ace of spades, if that means the superlative of blackness.

Country Gathering.

The large grove was filled with vehicles and horses and with men and women, farmers and their wives and young gallants, paying devoted attention to rosy-cheeked maidens whom they seemed to be trying to persuade to assume matronly cares and airs and dignity.

## TO ENJOIN THE ROYAL ARCANUM

Bill Filed by Members of  
the Order in the  
Federal Court.

### EMERGENCY FUND MUST BE SACRED

Injunction Asks That It Be Not  
Diverted From the Purposes  
for Which It Was Intended.  
Northern Councils  
Meet and Pro-  
test.

NASHVILLE, TENN., September 20.—Twenty-five members of the local councils of the Royal Arcanum filed a bill in the Federal Court here to-day to enjoin the Supreme Council of the order from proceeding under the new rules and assessments adopted at Atlantic City.

The complainants conceded the right of the Supreme Council to raise the assessments and amend its rules, but insist that it must be done in reason and justice to all. They contend that the recent action of the council was unjust because it raised the rate of old men and lowered that charged young men.

The bill also seeks to retain as sacred the emergency fund and prevents its use for any other purpose than that of paying premiums and policies of old men for which it was intended and created.

Councils Protest.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

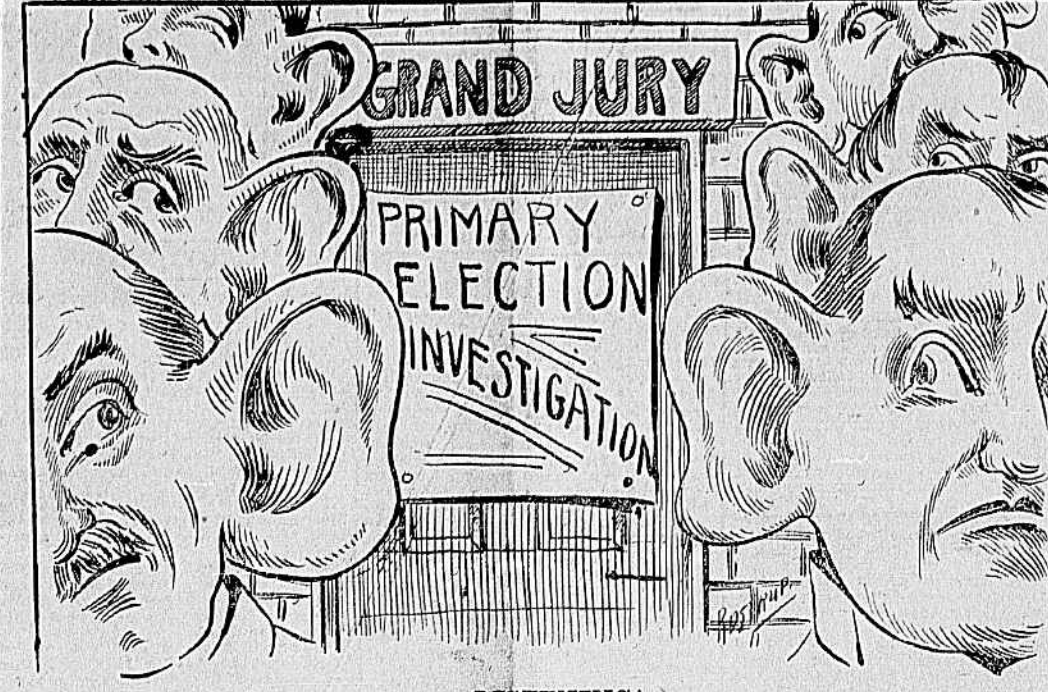
NEW YORK, September 20.—Fifty representatives from subordinate councils of the Royal Arcanum in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois met yesterday at the Hotel Manhattan to act regarding the present situation in the order. S. W. Reed, of Boston, was chairman, and William J. Moody, of this city, secretary.

A committee of nine lawyers reported that an executive committee of fifteen be appointed, with full power to act for this conference.

That the president and secretary of this conference be made members of said executive committee, and that when this conference adjourns it shall be to the call of the chair.

That the executive committee be hereby instructed to cause such proceedings to be taken for injunction and other provisional relief as it may deem best calculated to secure an early adjustment of the ill-feeling between the two camps, and that the executive committee be instructed to consider the question of procuring such amendments to the laws of the United States and of the State of Massachusetts that the vote in the Supreme Council shall be limited to the representatives of this country, as follows: Messrs. Leahy and Nourse, Massachusetts; Hirsch, Langdon and McCabe, Brooklyn; Wilcox, Weeks, Walsh and Spooner, New York; Bruns, Ohio; Cram, Rhode Island; Barnes, Michigan; and Cochran, Pennsylvania.

Tender Previous Rate.



## WHO STOLE THE LADY'S PET PUP?

Governor and Adjutant General  
Asking Blues Embarrassing  
Questions.

### BULL TERRIER WAS SWIPED

All Inquisitorial Machinery of the  
State to the  
Rescue.

"Did you steal a pet dog while in camp at Basic City?" is the question fired at every member of the five companies of the Seventeenth Regiment and the Richmond Blues. The query is caused by a letter from Adjutant-General W. Nalle to the commanding officers, asking for some information regarding a dog that was swiped at Charlottesville, and which was later, so the owner says, seen in camp at Basic City.

But the owner of the canine does not remember the date upon which the pet was stolen. It was either on the 21st or the 23d of August, and this makes it more complicated. If the canine disappeared on the 21st the Blues are safe, for at that time they were in Richmond preparing for the election on the 23d.

The Seventeenth Regiment left Basic City on the 21st, and was here on the 23d. If the dog turned up missing on the 23d the Seventeenth members are all right, and the Blues have the explaining to do.

A Remarkable Letter.

The following letter is rather remarkable: Commanding Officer: Sir—Governor Montague directs me to inform you that he has lately received a letter from Mrs. Jerrold Tyson, of Norfolk, Va., making complaint that a dog belonging to her had been stolen from the depot at Charlottesville by some man, or men, belonging to one of our companies, which was passing there at the time.

Now, making complaint that a dog belonging to her had been stolen from the depot at Charlottesville by some man, or men, belonging to one of our companies, which was passing there at the time.

The Governor has promised Mrs. Tyson that he will do what he can to have her dog found and returned to her, and desires me to say to you that he will greatly appreciate your co-operation to that end. He thinks that an inquiry concerning this matter should be made of the commanding officers of each of the companies of the command and requests that you will make such inquiry and advise this office of the results.

Very respectfully,  
(Signed) W. NALLE,  
Adjutant-General.

## PUBLICITY IS THE ONLY CURE

Insurance Commissioner of Michigan  
On the Present Great  
Scandals.

### CONFIDENCE IS IMPAIRED

Companies Should Be Taught  
That They Must Account  
to the Public.

(By Associated Press.)

HARTFORD, CONN., September 20.—A sharp clash between a faction of delegates from the West in attendance at the convention of the National Association of Life Underwriters, with delegates from the East and other sections occurred at this afternoon's session of the convention. The resolution of censure offered by Delegate J. J. Raleigh, of St. Louis, and aimed at alleged irregularities in certain insurance circles was the issue before the convention. It was voted to postpone the contest until to-morrow morning.

Among the papers read to-day was one by James V. Barry, of Lansing, Mich., insurance commissioner of the State of Michigan, on "Life Insurance Ethics."

"During the past few months we have seen one of the great life insurance companies of the country passing through an ordeal which would have staggered, if not actually wrecked, the Bank of England. Scandal has been poisoning the very air it breathed, while dishonesty and graft have been cancerous growths feeding upon its life."

The Great Cure.

"Notwithstanding these facts, publicity, that great cure for the evils of life insurance, is doing its perfect work so well that in my judgment, this company is to-day as well if not better equipped than ever before to fulfill its mission and accomplish the great work for which it was created."

The disclosures of the past few months have inspired a greater or less extent, public confidence in the stability of the business and the honesty of its management. Unless this public confidence is fully restored and honestly and bravely brought back to its former position, the future of the business will not only be precarious under the best conditions, but a harvest of injudicious legislation will be garnered from the fumes of scandal and jealousy that have been sown.

Publicity the Agent.

Would that I had the power to-day to paint in letters so bold that your memory the word "Publicity," which, in my judgment, must be the agency through which life insurance, as an institution, is to be preserved and perpetuated. Any legislation which will insure the greatest publicity and which will impress upon the minds of all having authority in the business that they must account to the public for the manner in which they execute their sacred trust, demands your earnest support."

## FELL FROM CAR; FATALLY HURT

Mr. Harris Hobson Fractures  
Skull on Seven Pines Line  
Yesterday.

### DIES IN LESS THAN AN HOUR

Hurriedly Taken to Virginia Hos-  
pital—Inquest May Be  
Held.

As a result from a fall from a Seven Pines street car yesterday afternoon, Mr. Harris Hobson, sixty years of age, died at the Virginia Hospital ten minutes after the ambulance had taken him there. A fracture of the skull was the cause of death. The body was removed to Bennett's undertaking establishment upon the order of Coroner Taylor. Whether or not an inquest will be held is not known at this time. Dr. Taylor not being able last night to get any facts relating to the accident that resulted in death.

Dispatchers of the company, who were seen, declined to make any statement regarding the accident—not so much as to give the name of the man who had fallen from the car. It was learned, however, that Mr. Hobson had boarded the Seven Pines car at Twenty-ninth and P. Streets and had ridden to the curve on the nine-mile road, a distance of about six squares from the city, when he started to change his seat. His daughter and his daughter-in-law were on a seat in front of him and in swinging around on the running board to get by these, he missed his hold and fell to the ground. His head struck violently, presumably against a rock. The car was stopped at once and the injured man brought back to the car barns, from which place the ambulance, in charge of Dr. Witten, brought him to the Virginia Hospital. The man died, without having regained consciousness.

Health Had Been Failing.

The deceased was well known in Henrico county. He had been living at Beachwood Park for years, and by all the residents was held in the highest esteem. For the past few months he had been in ill health.

Dr. Witten, when he saw the condition of the man, realized that he should be taken to a hospital at once and no time was lost in reaching the Virginia Hospital. Here Mr. Hobson received every treatment possible, but he never became conscious. The fracture of the skull was a bad one and the result was compression of the brain.

When asked by a Times-Dispatch reporter last night if he would hold an inquest, Coroner Taylor replied that he knew so few of the circumstances surrounding the accident, that it was impossible for him to say at that time what he would do. He did not know the name of the motorman or conductor or the manner of the accident.

## CHARGE AGAINST JUDGE PARKER

M'Call Says Democrats  
Sought Life Insurance  
Money.

### PARKER MAKES AN INDIGNANT DENIAL

Characterizes the Reported State-  
ment As Absolutely False.  
President M'Call Thanks  
the Lord Bryan  
Was De-  
feated.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
OYSTER BAY, September 20.—President Roosevelt takes the insurance contribution disclosures very much to heart. He has called Root, Choate, Lodge and Cortelyou into conference on the subject. If he has his way the money contributed by the New York Life to the Republican campaign fund will be returned.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, September 20.—Political contributions of the New York Life Insurance Company and the connection of Andrew A. Hamilton, of Albany, with the alleged political activity of the company were the points around which the hearing before the legislative insurance investigation turned to-day.

President John M. McCall, of the New York Life Insurance Company, was the chief witness, and for several hours he was subjected to a fire of questions by Charles B. Hughes, counsel for the committee, concerning the money presented for political purposes.

The climax was reached when Mr. McCall declared that the soliciting of funds for campaign purposes was not confined to the Republican party in the campaign of 1904, and announced:

"My life was made weary by the Democratic candidates chasing me for money in campaign. Some of the very men who to-day are being interviewed in the papers and denouncing men who contribute to campaigns were crossing my path every step I took looking for money. One day the candidate himself—Parker—would show up his books where he was chairman of the Democratic State Committee, it would give you a fit. He never rejected a dollar in the world. He would take every dollar that was presented to him."

Judge Parker was chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee in 1888.

Is Wildly Cheered.

Mr. McCall's statement was greeted with wild cheering, which continued until a threat was made to clear the room of listeners if the crowd did not restrain itself.

Mr. McCall stoutly maintained that he had given Mr. Hamilton no money, and that the money which was used in influencing legislation at Albany, but the admission was obtained from Mr. McCall that Hamilton's expenses at Albany were paid from the company's funds, and that he had given him \$25,000 had been paid to Hamilton with a verbal accounting to President McCall and that at present Hamilton owes the company about \$80,000, but Mr. McCall said he felt sure that Hamilton, who is now in Europe, will repay this sum upon the company's demand.

The \$25,000 Mr. McCall said, he was sure would be paid by Mr. Hamilton, and that the demand of the New York Life Insurance Company.

"If it is not," said Mr. McCall, "I'll be responsible and I'll pay it." Hamilton owes the company about \$80,000, but Mr. McCall said he felt sure that Hamilton, who is now in Europe, will repay this sum upon the company's demand.

Was Against Silver.

Taking up the campaign contributions, Mr. McCall said that in 1890 he contributed \$100,000 to the silver campaign, not to the defeat of the Democratic party. In other cases of campaign contributions Mr. McCall preferred to characterize them as contributions to the support of the gold standard rather than to the Republican National Committee.

Of the campaign contribution made by Mr. McCall and George W. Perkins for the New York Life Insurance Company in 1904, Mr. McCall said he did not know how many of its policyholders agreed with his action. He said he consulted no one but Mr. Perkins. "I did it on my own hook. I don't justify the use of campaign contributions."

(Continued on Second Page.)

## PROBE PRIMARY, SAYS JUDGE WITT

Solemn Charge to Grand  
Jury to Discover  
Criminals.

### NO PARTY QUARREL TO BE ADJUSTED

Judge Declares That This is a  
Search After Crime and a  
Cleansing of the Ballot of  
This City at the De-  
mand of the  
People.

Many people assembled in the Hustings Court room yesterday morning expecting to hear something sensational concerning the charges of fraud and corruption in the recent primary election. All sorts of people were there looking for all sorts of sensational developments. There were those who in some way had conceived the idea that Judge Witt was going to say something startling. Some even believed the judge would in some manner, directly or indirectly, make an answer to Mr. William L. Royall. There were others who had a suspicion that in some way the report of the minority of the grand jury of the last term would be laid before the public. There were yet others who thought possibly Commonwealth's Attorney Richardson might have a few remarks to make concerning election frauds, which remarks might entertain.

The special grand jury, as summoned, was called, and for reasons satisfactory to the court, Messrs. L. Z. Morris and H. W. Rountree were substituted for Messrs. Mosby and Rutherford, and then the jury consisted of the following well known business men:

C. E. Wingo, foreman;  
L. Z. Morris,  
H. W. Rountree,  
W. J. Westwood,  
James E. Phillips,  
Seddon Richardson,  
Morton Rosenbaum,  
George R. Cannon.

"Catch the Thieves."

Judge Witt, in his charge to the jury, laid great stress upon the alleged violation of election laws, and told the grand jurors unambiguously that he wanted them to catch hold where the last grand jury turned loose, and if they found any new threat to throw or any old wheat to thresh over, to let the threshers do its perfect work.

His honor intimated that there might be some new facts for the jury's consideration, for Commonwealth's Attorney Richardson had not been asleep. He had possibly gathered some new evidence, and he had had in the last investigation the benefit of a stenographer, who had taken down everything that had been told the former jury. Since that time the attorney had had access to this stenographic report, and would give the jury the full benefit of his researches.

There was much curiosity on the part of the assembled crowd to know if these few remarks meant that the present jury will get a peep at the much talked of grand jury report, and if so, the grand jury will not be short on any information that is in my possession. That guarded remark can be construed to mean a great deal or a very little, just according to the viewpoint of the reader.

Will Royall Be Summoned?

There was also no little speculation as to what part Mr. William L. Royall will play in the tragedy or comedy as the case may be. Of course, if it shall develop that any testimony he may have or may think he has is regarded as of value by the grand jury that body will not hesitate to summon him instantly and there is no question but that he will answer the summons with alacrity. Mr. Royall may appear in the case as a witness, but there is no reason to believe that he will be on hand in any other capacity.

The grand jury did not get at the election frauds until yesterday, and the probability is that they will not to-day, for Attorney Richardson loaded them up with enough of the ordinary business to keep them busy for a while and it is likely that they will elect to close industry all the ordinary rubbish before tackling the great principles of the free and untrammelled electorate.

A Direct Charge.

Immediately after the jury had been sworn Judge Witt charged them as follows: Gentlemen of the Grand Jury:

In the month of July the grand jury of this city was called upon to investigate frauds which were alleged to have been committed in the primary election held in this city during the month of June. That jury discharged this most difficult and arduous task with a clean conscience and faithful ability which entitles them to the thanks of this community.

On the completion of their work the court ordered that the stenographer who took the testimony before the grand jury should place the same in the hands of the Commonwealth's attorney of this court, a copy of the evidence, with the request that he would carefully go over it with a view to the further consideration of this matter.

He has, I doubt not, followed every suggestion of crime which may have been fairly deducible from the evidence so taken and will send such witnesses to you as may be within the control of the court.

You are therefore called upon to take up this inquiry where your predecessors left off.

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